# CONCEPT OF GUNA



#### **NIRUKTI**

- THE WORD GUNA IS DERIVED FROM THE DHATU GUNAM. IT IS EXPLAINED AS गुण्यते आमन्त्रयते लोक अनेन इति गुणाः ।
- THIS MEANS GUNA IS THE MAIN FACTOR OR PROPERTY OF A DRAVYA BY WHICH IT ATTRACTS EVERY THING IN IT.
- IF THERE IS NO GUNA THEN THE DRAVYA BECOMES INACTIVE AND DULL AND IT IS UNKNOWN.
  - EX- IF WE TAKE AN IRON ROD IT IS DARK BLACK IN COLOUR AND HEAVY AND METALLIC IN NATURE. THIS MEANS THE IRON ROD HAS GOT DARK BLACK COLOUR AND HEAVY BY ITS PROPERTIES.
- AND WE ARE IDENTIFYING THE DRAVYA BY ITS PHYSICAL PROPERTIES.



#### **LAKSHANAS**

समवायी तु निश्चेष्टः कारणं गुणः । (CH SU 1/15)

- GUNA IS THE ONE WHICH IS LOCATED IN DRAVYA INHERENTLY IS THE CAUSATIVE AGENT AND IS DEVOID OF PROPERTY AND ACTION.
- IT MEANS THAT GUNA ITSELF HAS NO ACTION BUT IT ONLY QUALIFIES THE DRAVYA FOR SUCH ACTION.

विश्व लक्षणा गुणाः । (R V SU 1/168)

- GUNA IS A COMBINATION OF VIBHINNA LAKSHANAS AND HENCE IT CANNOT BE EXPLAINED AS A SINGLE FORM OR LAKSHANA.
- THE WORD VISWA VIKINNA, BHINNA AND VIBHINNA ARE THE SYNONYMS OF GUNAS.



#### **GUNA SAMKHYA**

सार्था गुर्वादयो बुद्धि प्रयत्नान्ताः परादयः गुणाः प्रोक्तो CH SU.1/49

ACHARYA CHARAKA CLASSIFIED GUNA UNDER HEADINGS

(TOTAL-41)

- > SAARTHA GUNA
- ➤ GURVADI GUNA
- > PARADI GUNA
- **BUDDHI PRAYATNADI GUNA**



- VAISESHIKA GUNA
- SAMANYA GUNA
- AATMA GUNA
- THERE ARE TOTALLY 41 GUNAS ARE ACCEPTED BY ACHARYAS AND YOGENDRA NATH SEN ADDED MANAS TO THE ABOVE GUNAS.
- VAISESHIKAS MENTIONED 17 GUNAS.
- PRASASTA PADA MENTIONED 24 GUNAS 17+
   (SABDA,SAMSKARA,GURUTVA,DRAVATVA,SNEHA,DARMA,ADHARMA)



## SAARTHA GUNA

SYNONYMS: -- VAISESHIKA GUNA,

-- BHAUTIKA GUNA,

-- INDRIARTHA GUNA

सार्थाः शब्दादयो ज्ञेयागोचरा विषया गुणाः । CH.VI 1<sup>ST</sup> CHAPTER

#### 5 IN NUMBER

- SHABDA, SPARSHA, RUPA, RASA, GANDHA.
   VAISESHIKA DARSHAN EXCLUDED SHABDA, BUT PRASHASTA PADA ACCEPTED.
- NYAYAYIKA DARSHAN ACCEPTED ALL THE FIVE SARTHAKA GUNA.



## **SHABDA**

# आकाशस्य तु विज्ञेय शब्द वैशेषिको गुण । KARIKAVALI

- ❖It is the quality through shrotrendriya.
- **❖**It is the tanmatra of akasha.

#### **UTILITY IN MEDICAL SCIENCE**

- PRASNA PAREEKSHA.
- NUMBER OF RESPIRATION , HEART BEATS.
- FETAL SOUNDS CONFIRMS THE PREGNANCY.
- FRACTURES ARE DIAGNOSED BY PECULIAR SOUNDS.
- IN CHARAK INDRIYAM ARISTA LAKSHANAS RELATED TO SABDA ARE MENTIONED.
- IT IS ONE AMONG THE PANCHENDRIYA PAREEKSHA.



#### **SPARSA**

## स्पर्शवान वायु: |VAI SU 2/1/4

 ALL THESE ATTRIBUTES ARE PERCEPTIBLE BY THE TACTILE SENSE ORGAN.

#### **UTILITY OF SPARSA ATTRIBUTE**

- WHILE EXAMINING THE PATIENT HOT OR COLD TOUCH GIVES THE IDEA ABOUT THE TEMPERATURE OF THE BODY.
- DISLOCATION OF THE JOINTS.



#### **RUPA**

#### तत्र रूपं चक्षु ग्राह्मम्। P.PADA

- UTILITY OF RUPA :
- IT GIVES THE KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE SHAPE, COLOR, SIZE दर्शन स्पर्शन प्रश्नै: परीक्षेत च रोगीणां |AS S 1/44
- DISCOLORATION IN KAMALA AND PANDU.
- SHOPHA, VRIDDHI, ABHIGHATA ETC...



#### **RASA**

#### रस्यते आस्वाद्यते इति रसः ICHAKRA PANI

- IT IS THE QUALITY THROUGH RASANENDRIYA.
- IT IS THE TANMATRA OF JALA.

#### जीवन पुष्ठि बलमारोग्य निमित्तं । PRA. PADA

CAUSE OF LIFE, NUTRITION, STRENGTH AND HEALTH.

11



#### **IMPORTANCE**

- IN DIAGNOSIS,
- LIKE IN JVARA, TIKTA ASYATA IS PRESENT.
- TO ACCESS THE RASAS OF DRAVYAS.



#### **GANDHA**

#### <mark>घ्राण ग्राह्यो गुणो गन्धः</mark>।

ACHARYA SUSRUTA HAS DESCRIBED THIS PAIR SEPARATELY IN VIMSATI GUNA.

#### **IMPORTANCE:**

- SOME OF THE DRUGS ARE IDENTIFIED BY THEIR SPECIAL SMELL
   EG: ASHWAGANDA.
- OJAS IS CONSIDERED AS LAJA GANDI.
- THE GANGRENOUS CONDITION IS DIAGNOSED BY PECULIAR FOUL SMELL.
- IN CHARKA SAMHITA CHAPTER NAMED PUSHPEETAKA INDRIYAM IS SPECIALLY MEANT FOR EXHALATION OF ODOUR INDICATIVE OF IMMINENT DEATH.
- IN DIABETIC KETOACIDOSIS= BREATHING SMELL WILL BE LIKE ACETONE.



## PARAADI GUNA

परापरत्वे युक्तिश्च संख्या संयोग एव च विभागश्च प्रिथकत्वं च परिमाणमथापि च संसकारो३भ्यास इत्येते गुणाः प्रोक्ताः परादयः ।

- SYNONYMS SAMANYA GUNA,
  - CHIKITSOPAYOGI GUNA
- VAISESHIKA- GUNA INCLUDED 7 AMONG THESE {EXCEPT YUKTI, SAMSKARA AND ABHYASA}
- NYAYAYIKA INCLUDED 8 AMONG THESE{YUKTI AND ABHYASA)

# PARATWA - APARATVA ICH.SU.26/31

	PARA	APARA	
DESHA	JANGALA	ANOOPA	
VAYAS	TARUNA	VRUDDHA	
MANA	MAGADHA	KALINGA	

#### **IMPORTANCE**

- □ FOR TREATING
- □VATA DOSHA -- VASTI & TAILA PARA
- □ PITTA -- VIRECHANA & GRITHA
- □ KAPHA --VAMANA & MADHU
- □ANTAREEKSHA JALA IS PARA AND VARSHA NADEYA
  JALA IS APARA
- □SAINDHAVA LAVANA IS PARA AND ROMAKA/USHARA
  LAVANA IS APARA.

  16

## **YUKTI**

युक्तिश्च योजना या तु युज्यते । CH.SU.26/39

- REASONING/ PROPER PLANNING
- ACHARYA CHARAKA MENTIONED YUKTI UNDER 3 HEADINGS
- 1)PARADI GUNA
- 2)SVATANTRA PRAMANA
- 3)TANTRA YUKTI



## **SANKHYA**

संख्या स्यादगणितं, योगः स संयोग उच्यते । CH SU 26/31

- THE NUMBER LIKE 1,2,3 IS KNOWN AS SANKHYA.
- IT IS HAVING GREAT IMPORTANCE FOR PRESENTING THE KNOWLEDGE ACCURATELY.



#### **IMPORTANCE**

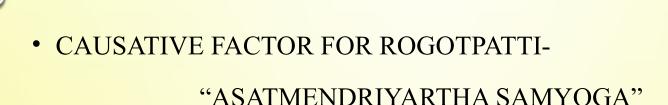
- Days, months, years are specified by different numbers.
- Measurement of body parts.
- Counting of dosha, dhathu, diseases.
- Panchakarma having important different 5 procedures.
- Dose and potency of medicine are measured in number.



## **SAMYOGA**

संयुक्त व्यवहार हेतुः गुणाः संयोग । CH.SU.26/32

- COMBINATION OF 2 OR MORE ITEMS IS KNOWN AS SAMYOGA.
- EG. HARITAKI GIVEN WITH GHRITA PACIFIES VATA.
- RITU HARITAKI- RASAYANA EFFECT
- MADHU GIVEN WITH WARM WATER- LEKHANA AND MEDOHARA
- MADHU WITH MILK BRIMHANA



- BALANCED UTILIZATION OF SAMYOGA IS THE CAUSE FOR HEALTH.
- HERE EXISTENCE OF LIFE IS POSSIBLE ONLY BY THE SAMYOGA OF SUKRA AND ARTAVA.



## **VIBHAGA**

## विभागस्तु विभक्तिः स्याद् वियोगो भागशो ग्रहः ICH SU 26/33

 SEPARATION OF THE COMPONENTS OF A MIXTURE IS KNOWN AS VIBHAGA

#### **IMPORTANCE:**

- Using medicines in divided doses.
- Trivida kuksheeyam vibhagam.

#### **PRUTAKTWA**

# प्रुथकत्वं स्यादसंयोगो वैलक्ष्यण्यमनेकता ₁CH SU 26

- IDENTIFYING AN OBJECT FROM A GROUP BY A
   PECULIAR QUALITY IS KNOWN AS PRUTHAKATWA.
- IMPORTANCE:
- DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS.
- WHILE COLLECTING RAW MATERIALS,
   SEPERATION OF UNWANTED PLANTS AND PARTS.



#### **PARIMANA**

#### परिमाणं पुनर्मानं | CH SU 26/34

 PARIMANA IS THE QUALITY BY WHICH DRAVYAS ARE MEASURED.



#### **IMPORTANCE**

- THE QUANTITATIVE MEASUREMENTS OF DRUG DOSES.
- POUTAVA MANA FOR WEIGHT
- PAYA MANA FOR LENGTH,
- DRVAYA MANA FOR LIQUID
- ATI DEERGHA AND ATI HRASVA ARE CONSIDERED AS NINDHYA
- ANUTVA IS THE PARIMANA OF MANAS
- ANGULI PRAMANA, ANJALI PRAMANA.



#### **SAMSKARA**

संस्कारः करणं मतम्। CH SU 26

- SAMSKARA IS THE TRANSFORMATION OF THE NATURAL
   ATTRIBUTES OF DRAVYA BY VARIOUS PROCESSINGS OR METHODS.
- PARADA SAMSKARAS
- BHAVANA, SHODHANA ETC



#### **IMPORTANCE:**

- HELPS IN ADDING THE NEEDED REQUISITES TO THE MEDICINE
- BY PROPER PROCESSING'S AND ALSO HELPFUL TO REMOVE THE UNWANTED PRINCIPLES.



#### **ABHYASA**

#### भावाभ्यासनमभ्यासः शीलनं सतत् क्रिया । CH SU 26/34

- Regular practice is known as abhyasa.
- It also known as sheelana and satata kriya.

#### **IMPORTANCE**

- It is having great importance in treatment for practicing the health principles.
- Sadvritta palana





## **GURVADI GUNA**

गुरु मन्द हिम स्निग्धश्लक्ष्ण सान्द्र मृदुः स्थिराः गुणाः स सूक्ष्मा विशदा विंशति स विपर्यय IA.H.SU.

- GURVADI GUNA ARE 20 IN NUMBER.
- THIS ALSO KNOWN AS KARMANYA GUNA OR SHARIRAKA GUNA.

# GUNAS ACCORDING TO DIFFERENT TEXTS

SUSRUT	RASA VAISESIK	BHAVMISRA
GURU	GURU	GURU
LAGHU	LAGHU	LAGHU
SHEETA	SHEETA	SHEETA
USHNA	USHNA	USHNA
SNIGDHA	SNIGDHA	SNIGDHA
RUKSHA	RUKSHA	RUKSHA
MANDA		MANDA
TEEKSHNA	TEEKSHNA	TEEKSHNA
PISCHILA	PISCHILA	PISCHILA
VISHADA	VISHADA	VISHADA
	GURU LAGHU SHEETA USHNA SNIGDHA RUKSHA MANDA TEEKSHNA PISCHILA	GURU LAGHU LAGHU SHEETA USHNA USHNA SNIGDHA RUKSHA RUKSHA MANDA TEEKSHNA PISCHILA GURU LAGHU LAGHU SHETA SHEETA USHNA USHNA USHNA TEEKSHNA TEEKSHNA PISCHILA

CHARAK & VAGBHAT	SUSRUTA	RASA VAISESIK	BHAVMISRA
STHULA			STHULA
SUKSHMA	SUKSHMA		SUKSHMA
MRUDU	MRUDU	MRUDU	MRUDU
KATHINA			
SLAKSHNA	SLAKSHNA		SLAKSHNA
KHARA	KARKASA		KARKASA
STHIRA			STHIRA
SARA/CHALA	SARA		SARA
SANDRA	SANDRA		SUSHKA
DRAVA	DRAVA		DRAVA
	SUGANDHA		
	DURGANDHA		
	VYAVAYI		
	VIKASI		
	AASHUKARI		AASHUKARI

# PECULIARITIES OF CHARAKA, SUSRUTA AND BHAVA MISHRA

CHARAKA & VAGBHAT	SUSRUT	BHAVMISRA
MANDA-TEEKSHNA	MRIDU- TEEKSHNA	MANDA- ASU
STHIRA- SARA	MANDA- SARA	
MRUDU- KATHINA		MRUDU- KARKASA
SLAKSHNA- KHARA	SLAKSHNA- KARKASA	SLAKSHNA- TEEKSHNA
SANDRA- DRAVA		SUSHKA-DRAVA

## **GURU - LAGHU**

UGURU: यस्य द्रव्यस्य बृह्मणे कर्मणे शक्ति: स गुरु । Hemadri

LAGHU: लङ्घ्ने लघु:। Hemadri

Guna	Lakshan by Hemadri	Bhoota	Dosaghnata	Anya karma	Eg:
Guru	Brumhana	P + J	K vruddhi V kshaya	Sthaulya karam mala vruddhi kara santarpana, Aalasya kara	Masha
Laghu	Langhana	A+V+T	V vruddhi K kshaya	Karshya karam, mala kshaya Apatarpan varna Ropak	Laja 34



## **UTILITY**

- AMONG SHADUPAKRAMA BRIMHANA ACTS WITH THE HELP OF GURU GUNA.
- AND LANGHANA ACTS BY LAGHU GUNA.



## SEETA- USHNA

SEETA: स्तंभने हिम:। Hemadri

USHNA: स्वेदने उष्ण । Hemadri

Seeta/ Hima	Stambane	J + V	VK vruddhi P kshaya	Datu vruddhikara, murcha trushna, daha, sveda hara	chandan
Ushna	Svedane	A + V	P vruddhi V K- kshaya	Dhatu shiithilyakara, Sveda, murcha daha ,trushna kara,	chitraka



### **UTILITY**

- SHEETA GUNA DRUGS MURCHA TRUSHNA HARA (JALA BHOOTA) CURE ATISARA, RAKTAPITTA.
- ALL DEEPANA PACHANA DRUGS ACT BY USHNA GUNA.
- AGNIMANDYA, PRATISYAYA CAN BE CURED BY USHNA PROPERTY.

### SNIGDHA- ROOKSHA:

SNIGDHA : यस्य क्लेदने शक्ति : स स्निग्ध: I Hemadri

ROOKSHA: यस्य शोषणे शक्ति: स रूक्ष:। Hemadri

Snigdha	Kledana	J	K V	kara hara	Balyakara, vrushya, mridutva	chatusneha
Ruksha	Soshan	P+A+V	V K	kara hara	Balya Varna hara, rukshana, kathinata	Gomutra, yava

 Action of abhyanga is based on snigdha guna (mardava krut, pusti, varnakrut).

• Rukshana upakrama in Amavata.



## **MANDA-TEEKSHNA**

MANDA: यस्य शमने शक्ति: स मन्द: । Hemadri

CH- Manda - Teekshna

SU- Mridu - Teekshna

BP- Manda - Aashukari

TEEKSHNA: यस्य शोधने शक्ति: स तीक्ष्ण । Hemadri

Manda	Shamana	P+J	K P	vardak shamak	Gati avarodha, chirakari, alpakriyata	Guduchi
Teekshna	Shodhana	T	Р	vardak	Srotogami, Daha paka kara,	Pippali
			٧	K hara	lekhankari	39

# **SLAKSHNA - KHARA**

USLAKSHNA: यस्य रोपणे शक्ति: स श्लक्ष्ण । Hemadri

Ch - slakshna - Khara

Su - Slakshna - Karkasa

BP - Slakshna - Teekshna

KHARA: यस्य लेखने शक्ति: स खर:। Hemadri

Slakshna	Ropane	Ch- A	K vardak	jeevaneeya balya bruhmana	Mukta
Ch, Vag- Khara Su-Karkasa	Lekhane	Ch- VP Su- VT	V vardak	lekhana Datu kshya , mala soshaka	Kamala nala



# SANDRA - DRAVA

### **SANDRA:**

यस्य प्रसादने शक्तिः स सान्द्र । Hemadri

#### **DRAVA:**

यस्य विलोडने शक्ति: स द्रव। Hemadri

Sandra	Prasadane	P+J	K vruddhi	dathu vrudhi shareera prasadana, srotorodha	Navaneeta, mastu
Drava	Vilodane	J	K P vruddhi	Kledana , datu mala vruddi	Ksheera, jala

## **MRUDU - KATHINA**

MRUDU: यस्य श्लथने शक्यि: स मृदु:। Hemadri

Ch, Vag - Mrudu - Kathina

BP - Mrudu - Karkasa

Su - Mrudu - Teekshna

KATINA:यस्य द्रव्यस्य दृढीकरणे शक्ति: स कठिन:। Hemadri

Mrudu	Shiithilyata	A+ J	K	vruddhi	Mrudutwa, Snehan Brumhana Mala vruddhi.	Vasa taila
Kathina	Drudeekaran	P	٧	vruddhi	Drudatwa Rukshana Stambana Mala kshaya	Mukta , pravala

# **STHIRA-SARA**

STHIRA: यस्य धारणे शक्ति: स स्थिर:। Hemadri

SARA: प्रेरणे चल:। Hemadri

Sthira	Dharana	P	K vruddhi	stambana brumhana,	aswaganda
Sara / Chala	Prerana	Su-J Ch- T Hemadri- V	V P vruddhi	anulomana, lekhana	Gorochan



STHULA:

यस्य द्रव्यस्य संवरणे शक्तिः स स्थूलः। Hemadri

#### **SUKSHMA:**

यस्य विवरणे शक्ति: सूक्ष्म। Hemadri

Sthula	Samvarana	P+j	K	vruddhi	Srotovarodha Staulyakari bulkness	Dadhi
Sukshma	Vivarana	V+ A +T	٧	vruddhi	Srotoshodak, laghu paki, minuteness	.Lavan

# VISHADA - PISCHILA



यस्य क्षालने शक्ति: स विशद: IHemadri

### **PISCHILA**

यस्य लेपने शक्ति: स पिछिल:। Hemadri

Visada	Kshalana	P+V+A+A	V vruddhi K kshaya	vrana ropaka Langhana kara	Madya
Pichila	Lepana	J	K vruddhi V kshaya	balya Sandana kara Gurutwa kara	likshurasa

### <u>VYAVAYI</u>

- The quality by which the dravya first spread in the body and then digest it is known as vyavayi.
- Vayu and aakash maha bhuta predominance.
- Ex. ahiphena

### **VIKASI**

- The dravya spreads in the body and cause oja kshaya,dhatu kshaya,and sandhi shaithilya it is known as vikasi.
- Vayu maha bhuta predominance.
- Ex. pugi phala



- THE QUALITY THAT SPREADS VERY QUICKLY IN THE BODY LIKE OIL IN WATER IS KNOWN AS AASHUKARI.
- VAYU MAHABHUTA PREDOMINANCE.

#### **SUGANDHA**

- IT GIVES COMFORT AND TASTE.
- VAYU MAHABHUTA PREDOMINANCE.



# **AADYAATMA GUNAS**

SYNONYMS - AATMAGUNA( CHAKRAPANI)
 BUDDI PRAYATNANTA GUNA

• THEY ARE 6 IN NUMBER

इच्छा द्वेष सुख दुःख प्रयत्न श्वेतनाधितिः ।

बुद्धिःस्प्रितिरअहंकारो लिंगानि परमात्मनः॥CH SA.1

ICCHA, DWESHA, SUKHA, DUKHA, BUDDHI, PRAYATNA

### **CONCLUSION**

- All the dravyas in the universe are identified by gunas
- Practical utility of gurvadi guna can be done by application of samanya visesha siddantha.
- Astavidha veerya vada. even veeryas have classified according to gunas only.
- In application of treatment principles.
- Understanding of samprapti ghatakas and samprapti vighatana.
- Understanding of drug action.
- In performing of dinacharya, rutu charya.
- Selection of drug, dosage form and dose.



# **CONCLUSION**...contd

- Gunas always need dravya for existence.
- Basing on the attributes of the dosha dhatu and mala the healthy state of the person can be examined.
- To attain normalcy one should use the ahara and aushadha dravyas accordingly based on gunas only.
- The gunas of various dravyas are inferred through their actions after consuming dravyas only.



# THANK YOU..

51