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### Database...?



- Database means a structured set of data held in computer especially one that is accessible in various ways
- In simplest way database is a collection of information that is organized so that it can be accessed, managed, updated.

### Need for Research database

- To make available the data at a glance to the scientific community/academicians/ industries/ policy makers etc.,
- Would help in appraising the research for
  - Further planning
  - To avoid repetition
  - To find out collaboration
  - Exploration

Data base is required for our science on Plant, Metal, Mineral Based and Folklore etc.

### Initiation of Database

Considering the need of the day, the Council intends to generate Research Database on Ayurveda, Siddha and Other Traditional Medicine & Related Sciences through gathering authentic published data by inviting information from individuals, Scientists, Academicians, Industries and Universities and so on who are working in all related fields.

# Who are all contributors to develop the Database??

### Mainly,

- Scientists
- Academicians
- Industries
- Universities

Wide range contributory disciplines like Ayurveda, Siddha, Botany, Biotechnology, Pure and Applied Chemistry, Biochemistry, Photochemistry, Inorganic Chemistry, Pharmacology, Veterinary sciences, Agriculture, Horticulture, Food Science & Technology, Pharmaceutical Sciences, Systems Biology and all other related disciplines. This Data base is developed from information and research works carried out in various CCRAS noted research centers and from The Scientists, Academics.

### Search Engine For Ayurveda Indian Databases

- http://indianmedicine.eldoc.ub.rug.nl/
- http://ccras.nic.in/Publications/20081015 bibliographyMain.htm
- http://indmed.nic.in/
- http://medind.nic.in/
- http://www.medknow.com/
- http://www.niscair.res.in/
- http://www.csir.res.in/
  - http://www.icmr.nic.in/
- http://www.nml.nic.in/
- http://nlam.in/
- <a href="http://www.tkdl.res.in/tkdl/langdefault/common/home.asp?GL=Eng">http://www.tkdl.res.in/tkdl/langdefault/common/home.asp?GL=Eng</a>
- http://www.ibin.co.in/
- http://www.medicinalplants.in/
- http://www.nhicindia.org/
- http://nia.nic.in/
- http://www.rguhs.ac.in/

# IN THIS SEMINAR ONLY CONSENTRATED ON

CCRAS (Central Council for Research in Ayurvedic Sciences )

### **CCRAS**

- The Central Council for Research in Ayurvedic Sciences (CCRAS), an apex body for the formulation, coordination and development of research in Ayurveda on scientific lines was established in March 1978 after reorganization of Central Council for Research Indian Medicine & Homoeopathy. The Minister of Health & Family Welfare is the President of the Governing Body of the Council, while the Joint Secretary chairs the Standing Finance Committee. The Scientific/Research Programmes are supervised by the Scientific Advisory Board.
- The Council has been executing its research programmes with a network of 30 peripheral Institutes/centres/units with the headquarters office responsible for control, monitoring and supervision. Research work of the Council is executed by 931 officers and staff, though the sanctioned strength of officers and staff is 1813.

PLANTS USED IN 5 PLANTS 500 THRVEDA S USED IN AYURVEDA BASE ON ME & SIDDHA ON MEDICINAL CSEDIN 499 VOLUME volume VOLUME 7 VOLUME 8 U 2008 2008

AEDICINAL PLANTS 49

Volume 4



496

EDICINAL PLANTS

**VOLUME 3** 









PLANTS

495

**VOLUME 2** 



MEDICINAL AYURVEDA

BASE

USED

494

DATABASE ON

### MEDICINAL PLANTS

### USED IN AYURVEDA & SIDDHA

VOLUME 8

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### Publisher

Central Council for Research in Ayurveda & Siddha (Deptt. of AYUSH, Min. of Health & Family Welfare), Govt. of India
Jawaharlal Nehru Bhartiya Chikitsa Avam Homoeopathy
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Cover Photo: Bala-Sida cordifolia Linn.

Cover page designed by Dr. G.V.R.Joseph, R.O. (Bot.) CCRAS, New Delhi.

Printer
Pearl Offset Press Pvt. Ltd.

5/33 Kirti Nagar Industrial Area New Delhi 110015





#### सचिव

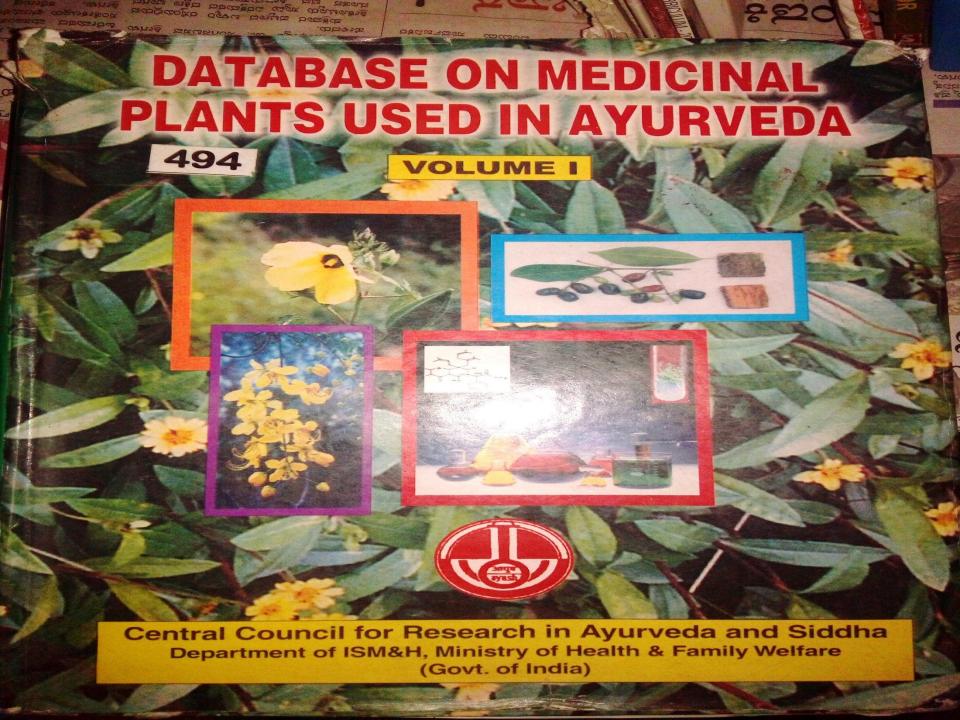
भारत सरकार स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय आयुर्वेद, योग व पाकतिक चिकित्सा

आयुर्वेद, योग व प्राकृतिक चिकित्सा, यूनानी, सिद्ध एवं होम्योपैथी (आयुष) विभाग रेड क्रॉस भवन, नई दिल्ली 110001

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### **FORWARD**

Indian Systems of Medicine are known for their diversity, flexibility, accessibility, affordability and a broad acceptance among public at large. Ayurveda is the oldest surviving medical system in the World in which plants form a dominant part. India being a mega bio-diversity country has about 15,000 species of medicinal plants and of which 1700 medicinal plants have been documented in Traditional Medicines so far. Our knowledge about these plants and their efficacy against various diseases is constantly being upgraded. The Central Council for Research in Ayurveda & Siddha (CCRAS) has already brought out seven volumes covering 230 medicinal plants. I am pleased to note that the Eighth Volume of this series is being published encompassing 30 important medicinal plants. I am confident that the work done by Dr. K. Chandra, Assistant Director-in-charge of Regional Research Institute, Pune for this volume under the guidance of Dr. G.S. Lavekar would be of immense use for students and other stakeholders.



# starts with Alarka ends with vasa Total drugs explained- 40

# DATABASE ON MEDICINAL PLANTS USED IN AYURVEDA VOLUME 2



Central Council for Research in Ayurveda and Siddha Department of ISM&H, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare Government of India

starts with Agnimantha ends with vrikshamla Total drugs explained- 40

# DATABASE ON MIEDICINAL PLANTS USED IN AYURVEDA VOLUME 3





CENTRAL COUNCIL FOR RESEARCH IN AYURVEDA AND SIDDHA
Deptt. of ISM & H, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare
Govt . of India

# starts with Agastya ends with yastimadhu Total drugs explained- 30

# DATABASED ON 497 MEDICINAL PLANTS USED IN AYURVEDA

Volume 4



Central Council for Research in Ayurveda & Siddha Department of ISM&H, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, New Delhi, (Government of India)

# starts with Akshota ends with tvak Total drugs explained- 30

DATABASE ON 498

### MEDICINAL PLANTS



Volume 5





Central Council for Research in Ayurveda & Siddha
Department of AYUSH
Ministry of Health & Family Welfare
Government of INDIA
www.ccras.nic.in
2008

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# starts with Ajagandha ends with yava Total drugs explained- 30

CENTRAL COUNCIL ROTE MESTARCH IN AYURWEDA AND SIDDH/
Dopti of AYUSH Minister of Health and Family Welfare
Sout of India, New Delhit

# starts with Ambastaki ends with vidari Total drugs explained- 30

### DATABASE ON MEDICINAL PLANTS USED IN AYURVEDA

**VOLUME 7** 

500



CENTRAL COUNCIL FOR RESEARCH IN AYURVEDA AND SIDDHA Deptt. of AYUSH, Min. of Health and Family Welfare Govt.of India, New Delhi

# starts with Ankola ends with yavani Total drugs explained- 30

DATABASE ON

### MEDICINAL PLANTS



USED IN AYURVEDA & SIDDHA

Volume 8





Central Council for Research in Ayurveda & Siddha (Dept. of AYUSH, Min. of Health & F.W., Govt. of INDIA)

starts with Ahiphena ends with vatsanabha Total drugs explained- 30

### **DRUG DETAILS**

Bot name

Family

**Synonyms** 

Vernacular name

**Botonical description** 

Distribution

Parts used

Action and uses

Ayurvedic properties- Rasa Siddha properties- name

Guna suvai

Veerya veeryam

Vipaka vibakam

Prabhava gunam

Doshagnata uses

Karma

Rogagnata

Dose

Pharmacognosy- macroscopic -microscopic -powder microscopy Chemical constituents Pharmacological activities Toxicology Therapeutic evaluation Trade and commerce Formulation and preparation Substituents and adulterants Propogation and cultivation References

Vol1 – 40 drugs

Vol 2-40 drugs

Vol 3-30 drugs

Vol 4-30 drugs

Vol 5-30 drugs

Vol 6-30 drugs

Vol 7-30 drugs

Vol 8-30 drugs

Total- 260 drugs

### MERITS OF THE DATA BASE

- Indexing
- Helps in easy identification of plants.
- Reduces confusion.
- It gives clear knowledge about various parameters of a plant which are not mentioned in our classics for ex- macroscopic, microscopic, analytical parameters.
- TLC is no where mentioned but this book works on it.
- It helps us to prove that the drug what we have taken is authenticated.

### CONCXUSSON

- Data bases are created to develop the standard protocol for the drug manufacturing and to convince the myths in the people about plants and its properties.
- Creating the Data base help to researchers and clinicians to use plants with no hesitation.
- Now a days burning issue is the taking of patency on Indian medicine system and drugs. Data base will help to clime that these drugs are of Indian System of medicine and it also help to check the Patency act.
- ❖ Data bases are helpful to research students and Academics to undertake the further research activities and it gives strong support for the research review.



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